

## Single Statistics – Normal Distribution

Here  $Z$  refers to the standard normal  $Z \sim N(0, 1^2)$ .  $X$  refers to a ‘real life’ normal  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

1.  $\mathbb{P}(Z < 0)$ . 0.5000
2.  $\mathbb{P}(Z < 1)$ . 0.8413
3.  $\mathbb{P}(Z \geq 1.2)$ . 0.1151
4.  $\mathbb{P}(Z < -0.3)$ . 0.3821
5.  $\mathbb{P}(Z > 2.61)$ . 0.0045
6.  $\mathbb{P}(Z \geq -0.717)$ . 0.7642
7.  $\mathbb{P}(0 \leq Z < 2)$ . 0.4772
8.  $\mathbb{P}(-0.8 < Z < 0.4)$ . 0.4435
9.  $\mathbb{P}(|Z| \leq 1.35)$ . 0.8230

Now for real life...

10. If  $X \sim N(20, 2^2)$  calculate:

- (a)  $\mathbb{P}(X > 20)$ . 0.5000
- (b)  $\mathbb{P}(X \leq 17)$ . 0.0668
- (c)  $\mathbb{P}(21 < X < 25)$ . 0.3023
- (d)  $\mathbb{P}(X \leq 200)$ . 1.000

11. If  $X \sim N(35, 10)$  calculate:

- (a)  $\mathbb{P}(X < 34)$ . 0.3761
- (b)  $\mathbb{P}(X \geq 32)$ . 0.8287
- (c)  $\mathbb{P}(35 \leq X \leq 39)$ . 0.3971
- (d)  $\mathbb{P}(|X - \mu| < 5)$ . 0.8860

## Finding $\mu$ & $\sigma$

Answers are approximate...if you’re in the vicinity of what I’ve got, you’re probably right.

1.  $X \sim N(\mu, 4^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X > 10) = 0.3$ . Find  $\mu$ .  $\mu = 7.90$
2.  $X \sim N(51, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X < 48) = 0.21$ . Find  $\sigma$ .  $\sigma = 3.72$
3.  $X \sim N(\mu, 17)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X > 13) = 0.8$ . Find  $\mu$ .  $\mu = 16.47$
4.  $X \sim N(900, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X < 990) = 0.84$ . Find  $\sigma$ .  $\sigma = 90.54$
5.  $X \sim N(\mu, 5^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X < 21) = 0.97$ . Find  $\mu$ .  $\mu = 11.60$
6.  $X \sim N(28, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X > 23) = 0.527$ . Find  $\sigma$ .  $\sigma = 73.5$

Now for both...

7.  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X > 7) = 0.3$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X > 8) = 0.2$ . Find  $\mu$  and  $\sigma$ .  $\mu = 5.35, \sigma = 3.14$

8.  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X > 51) = 0.29$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X < 20) = 0.13$ . Find  $\mu$  and  $\sigma$ .

Now for forward and backwards...

9.  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X < 35) = 0.9$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X < 40) = 0.95$ . Find  $\mathbb{P}(X > 42)$ .